**第一部分 教材同步练**

**25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

yourself　make　find　box　well

1．When times are difficult, tell \_\_**yourself/yourselves**\_\_ that pain is part of growing.

2．Whenever we kids come over, Auntie Susan just stands there and watches us \_\_**to\_\_make**\_\_ sure we don't break anything.

3．The boss asked Tim to go and \_\_**find**\_\_ out if there was anyone else absent.

4．The meat smells \_\_**good**\_\_ and I want another piece.

5．Mr.Smith bought three \_\_**boxes**\_\_ of local snacks for the exchange students.

Ⅱ.完形填空

Last October, I told my pupils in Pompton School about my plan.“I'd like you to do jobs to \_\_6**C**\_\_ some money，” I said.“Then we'll buy food for someone in need.”

I wanted \_\_7**B**\_\_ to experience that it's better to give than to receive.I hoped they could experience a sense of their own ability to make a change.

Early on Thanksgiving morning, the children couldn't wait to go shopping.Before \_\_8**D**\_\_ the turkey and other food we chose in the supermarket, Kristine cried，“Flowers！” And the group all ran \_\_9**C**\_\_ the holiday plants.

“You can't eat flowers！” I said unhappily.\_\_10**A**\_\_， it was helpful to buy more food.

“But Mrs.Sherlock，” came the loud voice, “we want \_\_11**A**\_\_．”

In the middle of the plants, there was a pot of unusually purple chrysanthemums (菊花)．“\_\_12**D**\_\_ will like this one，” the children agreed.

With the \_\_13**B**\_\_ of a poor grandmother who had lived alone for years, we set off.An hour later, we stopped in front of a small house.A thin \_\_14**C**\_\_ with a sad face came to meet us.

As the kids carried all the food in, the old woman was excited and pleased. \_\_15**D**\_\_ Amy put the chrysanthemums on the table, the woman seemed surprised.“She's wishing it was a bag of food，” I thought.“Who is your \_\_16**A**\_\_ friend in the woods？” Michael asked.

The woman brightened.“The birds.They often fly over for food \_\_17**C**\_\_ I share my bread with them，” she said.

Then we returned to the car.Through the window we saw her \_\_18**B**\_\_ the turkey, straight to the flowers.She put her face in them and looked up with a big smile.She \_\_19**A**\_\_ before our eyes!

At that moment, the children had seen for themselves the \_\_20**B**\_\_ they owned to make a change.Sometimes a person needed a pot of nice purple flowers on a dark November day.

6．A.take B．give C．make D．receive

7．A.him B．them C．her D．us

8．A.working for B．calling for

C．looking for D．paying for

9．A.into B．out C．toward D．across

10．A.After all B．In all

C．Above all D．At all

11．A.flowers B．music C．sound D．turkeys

12．A.He B．I C．You D．She

13．A.voice B．address C．telephone D．food

14．A.boy B．girl C．woman D．man

15．A.Why B．What C．How D．When

16．A.close B．sleepy C．open D．careful

17．A.although B．but

C．because D．unless

18．A.run for B．walk past

C．go to D．come to

19．A.changed B．broke C．treated D．refused

20．A.habit B．ability C．interest D．courage

Ⅲ.阅读理解

People in different places have different habits, but their needs are similar.Needs are things we must have to live on.Our bodies need food and water.We also need air.We need a place to live in to keep us away from danger.We need clothes to keep us warm.If we do not have these things, we cannot survive.

Needs may be a little different for people who live in different areas.If you live where it is cold, you may need special clothes to keep you warm.If you live in hot places, you may need more water and fewer clothes.

People always find new ways to meet their needs.Farmers produce food that people eat.In the past, they planted seeds and picked plants by hand.Now they have machines that help them do this work.

Wants\_\_are\_\_things\_\_people\_\_are\_\_eager\_\_to\_\_have\_\_but\_\_do\_\_not\_\_need\_\_to\_\_live\_\_on. Suppose you hope to get a basketball for your birthday.A basketball is a want because you can live without it.

Sometimes we may want something so much that it feels like a need.We have to make choices.For example, if you need a new coat for winter, you might not be able to get the basketball you want.We must choose what we need instead of what we want.

Sometimes we must make choices among things we want.Suppose you want to go to a birthday party for your uncle.But a friend asks you to go to a movie.The movie is at the same time as the party.If you choose to go to the party, then what will you have to give up? What will you have to give up if you go to the movie?

21．Needs must be the things which we \_\_**B**\_\_．

A．use almost every day

B．cannot live without

C．have interest in

D．use to improve our lives

22．What does the underlined sentence in Paragraph 4 mean? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．Wants are things that people don't need at all.

B．Wants are things that everybody needs but doesn't have.

C．Wants are things that nobody expects but already has.

D．Wants are things that people like but are not necessary.

23．Which statement shows the writer's opinion? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．What we want must always be put before what we need.

B．If we want something very much, it can become our need.

C．It's important to make a choice between the things we want.

D．People from different areas have different needs completely.

24．How does the writer tell the differences between needs and wants? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．By having interviews. B．By doing research.

C．By making a survey. D．By giving examples.

Ⅳ.语法填空

I can still remember my primary school homework on animals.I decided 25.\_\_**to\_\_write**\_\_ (write) about the whale (鲸)．I have loved them from a young age.

I'm not quite sure why I love them.It might be something about 26.\_\_**their**\_\_ (they) shape.They have a smooth shape, and their tails look like a heart.They also move so 27.\_\_**slowly**\_\_ (slow) and beautifully, like a tree dancing in the wind.This way, they seem very clever.

So, of course, one of my best memories 28.\_\_**was**\_\_ (be) when I got to see a type of whale called the Southern Right Whale in Argentina.Watching them moving smoothly in the water, I felt 29.\_\_**happier**\_\_ (happy) than ever.They were so beautiful!

And I'm not the only one who loves whales.Different peoples across the world have a special place for whales in their 30.\_\_**hearts**\_\_ (heart)．Take the Maori people in New Zealand as 31.\_\_**an**\_\_ example.Living by the ocean, they see whales as guardians (守护者) of the ocean and talk about them a lot in their 32.\_\_**traditional**\_\_ (tradition) stories.

Why was I interested in whales like the Maori people? 33.\_\_**Because**\_\_ they need our protection.That's what my school homework was about—animals we need to protect.Whales play a big role 34.\_\_**in**\_\_ the ocean.So, protecting whales means protecting the whole ocean.

**第三讲　七年级(下)Units 1—4　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

between　speak　finish　good　minute

1．If you try to sit on two chairs, you will fall \_\_**between**\_\_ them.For life, you must choose one chair.

2．This kind of drink tastes \_\_**good**\_\_ but there's little in this bottle.I'd like some more.

3．The train station isn't far from here.It's about 25 \_\_**minutes'**\_\_ ride.

4．Every day we practice \_\_**speaking**\_\_ English with some Americans after school.

5．It usually takes John forty minutes \_\_**to\_\_finish**\_\_ his homework every day.

Ⅱ.完形填空

An eight­year­old boy went to his grandfather.“I am going to be very \_\_6**B**\_\_ when I grow up.Can you give me some advice on how to get there？”

The grandfather\_\_7**A**\_\_， without saying a word, took the boy by the hand and \_\_8**D**\_\_ to a nearby plant nursery.There, the two of them chose and \_\_9**C**\_\_ two small trees.

They returned home and planted one of them in the \_\_10**B**\_\_．The other was placed in a pot and kept indoors.

“Which one do you think will be more successful in the \_\_11**C**\_\_？” asked the grandfather.

The boy thought for a(n) \_\_12**A**\_\_ and said, “The indoor tree.It's protected and safe while the outdoor one has to \_\_13**C**\_\_ everything.” The grandfather shrugged his shoulders and said, “We'll see.”

The grandfather \_\_14**D**\_\_ looked after both plants and in a few years, the boy, now a \_\_15**A**\_\_， came to visit.

“You never really answered my question.How can I become successful when I grow up？” he \_\_16**B**\_\_．The old man showed the teenager the indoor tree and then took him outside to have a look at the \_\_17**A**\_\_ tree outside.

The grandfather asked, “Which one is \_\_18**C**\_\_？”

“The outside one.”

“Boy, remember this. \_\_19**D**\_\_ you choose the safe option (选择) all of your life, you will never grow; but if you are \_\_20**A**\_\_ to face the world head­on with all of its dangers and challenges, you will be there.”

The young man looked up at the tall tree, took a deep breath and nodded his head, knowing that his wise grandfather was right.

6．A.rich B．successful

C．famous D．comfortable

7．A.nodded B．disagreed C．refused D．replied

8．A.sent B．called C．watched D．walked

9．A.borrowed B．planted C．bought D．cut

10．A.village B．yard C．study D．pool

11．A.world B．experiment

C．future D．competition

12．A.moment B．hour C．morning D．day

13．A.consider B．find C．face D．reach

14．A.secretly B．really C．luckily D．carefully

15．A.teenager B．businessman

C．success D．loser

16．A.answered B．asked C．shouted D．repeated

17．A.towering B．welcoming

C．standing D．relaxing

18．A.harder B．older C．bigger D．prettier

19．A.Unless B．Even though

C．Until D．If

20．A.willing B．worried C．quick D．shy

Ⅲ.阅读理解

Any parent who has researched summer camps and their activities knows they can be very expensive.That's especially true if you need full­time care for your kids during the summer.Luckily, here are some free summer programs for kids to consider.

|  |
| --- |
| **Green Box Playground Program** |
| This free program invites kids to have fun at local parks, and high school students will lead children in crafts (手艺) and games like Simon says. Children can also receive a free lunch. |
| **Time:** 10 a．m.～3 p．m., Monday～Thursday, June 24～July 25 (except July 4) |
| **Address:** Different parks in Wyandotte |
| **Phone number:** 734­324­7295 |
| **Summer Tech Camp** |
| This summer camp gives kids a chance to find out more about computer science and game design (设计). |
| **Time:** Monday～Friday, August 19～August 30 |
| **Address**：Ford Resource and Engagement Center West, 2826 Bagley Street |
| **Phone number:** 313­757­0124 |
| **Camp Africa at the Charles H．Wright Museum** |
| Camp Africa is a free, one­week summer camp for children aged 7—12 who want to know more about STEAM (science, technology, engineering, art and math) activities.Call for more information. |
| **Address:** 315 E．Warren Ave |
| **Phone number:** 313­494­5800 |
| **Michigan Science Center's Virtual Summer Camp** |
| Michigan Science Center has teamed up once again to bring your child free science fun all summer long! Visit every Sunday starting from July 7 for free DIY projects, science experiments (实验), and more for you and your child to try this summer.Best of all, one lucky kid that takes part will win $51，000 for his or her college education. |
| **Address:** Online |
| **Phone number:** 248­398­3400 |

21.Which program provides a free lunch? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．Summer Tech Camp.

B．Green Box Playground Program.

C．Michigan Science Center's Virtual Summer Camp.

D．Camp Africa at the Charles H．Wright Museum.

22．Which can Mr.Smith call at if his son is interested in computer science? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．248­398­3400. B．734­324­7295.

C．313­757­0124. D．313­494­5800.

23．What's special about Michigan Science Center's Virtual Summer Camp? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．It's completely free.

B．It's for kids.

C．It's an online program.

D．It's in summer.

Ⅳ.语法填空

There was a young boy, who happened to get a lot of money from his aunt.He started 24.\_\_**to\_\_waste/wasting**\_\_ (waste) the money on plenty of expensive things.Soon after, he not only used up all of his money, but also owed others much money.

It 25.\_\_**cold**\_\_ (be) winter at that time, and it was very cold.He had a fine fur 26.\_\_**coat**\_\_ (coat), which was still new.One day, he saw a swallow (燕子) fly past 27.\_\_**while/when/as**\_\_ he was walking on the street.He thought to himself, “It is now the early spring.A swallow is only seen in spring! The warm spring must be 28.\_\_**coming**\_\_ (come)! Why would I still wear the heavy coat? It is useless.” So he sold his fur coat immediately to get some money.

29．\_\_**However**\_\_， the boy only forgot that one swallow does not make the spring.And soon it was proved! The cold returned again.It 30.\_\_**snowed**\_\_ (snow) soon later, and the temperature dropped quickly.It was a world of ice and snow everywhere, and there were no people or 31.\_\_**cars**\_\_ (car) outside.

Poor boy! He got a bad cold.That little bird was so frozen that it lay in the snow.The boy stood 32.\_\_**beside/by**\_\_ the swallow.Shaking and holding his breath, he said, “You cheat! Anyhow, you're dying soon! I sold 33.\_\_**my**\_\_ (I) fur coat just now! I thought that I could trust you！”

**第五讲　七年级(下)Units 9—12　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

1．Lots of \_\_**visitors**\_\_ come to the zoo to take photos of the koalas.

2．—Your coat fits you well.

—Thank you.I \_\_**bought**\_\_ it when I was on vacation.

3．Some students learn English \_\_**easily**\_\_， but some think it's not easy.

4．Sometimes we should think \_\_**about**\_\_ others when we make some decisions.

5．In the end, he succeeded in \_\_**getting**\_\_ to the small town with the help of the map.

Ⅱ.完形填空

I saw the most beautiful thing ever one morning.It was early, and I was walking on the wet grass to school.Suddenly a flash \_\_6**C**\_\_ straight in my eyes from the ground about fifteen feet in front of me, and shot up into the sky.It was so \_\_7**B**\_\_ and clear.What could make such amazing \_\_8**C**\_\_？ I waited to see whether it would \_\_9**B**\_\_ again, but it didn't.

I walked slowly toward it, but saw\_\_10**D**\_\_．I looked down at the \_\_11**B**\_\_， searching for gold or something like that—again, nothing.I dropped down for a \_\_12**D**\_\_ look.Two minutes or so passed.\_\_13**A**\_\_， I saw it.The rising sun caught dewdrops (露珠) on the grass \_\_14**D**\_\_ in the very direction, sending amazing light into the sky.

It was unbelievable that such a powerful flash was from something so small and weak.It was as if the unseen world was giving me a\_\_15**C**\_\_．“Hello! Look at what's around you，” it said.I'll never forget that \_\_16**C**\_\_．

So next time you're out, \_\_17**A**\_\_ some time to notice nature.\_\_18**A**\_\_ the bright colors and lively pictures of small flowers that cover fields.Watch the busy bees or tiny ants going about their day. \_\_19**B**\_\_ you spend some time noticing these natural things, you'll find that all of them are excellent.

Appreciate\_\_20**B**\_\_， and you'll discover a whole new world and find something beautiful to keep in your heart.It's one of the most valuable things I've ever done.

6．A.covered B．stopped C．shone D．flew

7．A.late B．bright C．loud D．hot

8．A.travel B．sound C．light D．change

9．A.record B．appear C．receive D．change

10．A.everything B．anything

C．something D．nothing

11．A.flower B．grass C．street D．picture

12．A.quicker B．slower C．softer D．closer

13．A.Suddenly B．Hardly

C．Especially D．Totally

14．A.strangely B．weakly

C．carelessly D．perfectly

15．A.notice B．story C．message D．habit

16．A.surface B．mistake C．moment D．present

17．A.spare B．pass C．waste D．mark

18．A.Pay attention to B．Take care of

C．Take pride in D．Make fun of

19．A.Unless B．If C．Though D．So

20．A.gold B．nature C．bees D．ants

Ⅲ.阅读理解

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
|  | |
| Recommended activities | |
| **Free ukulele lessons! Come and join us**！ | Time：2：00 p．m., April 25, 2021 |
| Do you want to play a musical instrument? Do you want to make more friends and relax yourself? Our free ukulele lessons are just for you！ | Place: Yuexiu District |
| The lessons are suitable for both adults and children. | Fee: Free |
| Please make an appointment before you come. | 45 people SIGNED UP |
| **Chocolate making and tasting.** | Time: 9：00 a．m.，May 12, 2021 |
| Melt is one of the most luxurious chocolate shops, which is based in the heart of the city.You can learn how to make bonbons and taste several different varieties. | Place: Tianhe District |
| The lessons are offered to 15 people each time. | Fee: 150 RMB each person |
| Please make an appointment before you come. | 68 people SIGNED UP |
| **Learning makes you a better parent**！ | Time: every Saturday |
| Want to be a better parent? Use our parenting tips to teach your children to have better manners, habits, and behavior. | Place: Online |
| This lesson is suitable for those parents whose children are aged from 3 to 12. | Fee: 66 RMB for a couple |
| 40 RMB for a parent.A couple can get a discount. | 51 people SIGNED UP |
| **Dragon's Back Hiking Adventure**！ | Time: July 25，2021 |
| We will get out of the city and hike the famous 8.5­km trail.Reconnecting to nature, we'll explore waterfalls and breathe in fresh air.This hiking is easy and suitable for beginners. | Place: Hong Kong |
| Meet at the railway station and go there together. | Fee: Free |
| The number of hikers must be 30 at most. | 27 people SIGNED UP |

21.Which activity is in Hong Kong according to the passage? \_\_**C\_\_**\_\_

A．Free ukulele lessons.

B．Chocolate making and tasting.

C．Dragon's Back Hiking Adventure.

D．Learning makes you a better parent.

22．Which of the following can you find on the website? \_\_**A\_\_**\_\_

A．Chocolate making and tasting skills.

B．A journey to the Nansha Wetland Resort.

C．A concert in Guangzhou Opera House.

D．Ordering McDonald's takeout online.

23．Which of the following is TRUE according to the passage? \_\_**C\_\_**\_\_

A．Free ukulele lessons are only open to adults.

B．Three of the activities limit the number of people.

C．Even beginners can choose Dragon's Back Hiking Adventure.

D．You needn't make an appointment if you want to learn how to make bonbons.

Ⅳ.任务型阅读

A homestay is a sort of studying abroad program.It allows the visitors to stay with a local family, so they can better experience local lifestyle.24.\_\_**D**\_\_ A young teacher in a school meeting said, “If you wish to learn more about foreign cultures or get foreign experiences, you can take this kind of holiday.25.\_\_**B**\_\_”

After this meeting, I always thought about this kind of holiday.Finally, I had the chance to take such a winter holiday with some of my classmates in Foreign Language School last month.

After we reached there, we went to meet our host families.My families were a white couple and a boy of my age.26.\_\_**C**\_\_ They were friendly to me, and I learned lots of things from them as well.

The holiday was full of activities every day.After breakfast, a local teacher came to take us to school in his car.Then we would have lessons or go sightseeing to different tourist attractions like London Bridge, Big Ben and Buckingham Palace.We would go back to our homes after the activities.

The holiday was of great value to me.27.\_\_**A**\_\_ Yes, time really flew fast.Several weeks later, we had to leave “home” for Henan Province.

A．I enjoyed every minute of it.

B．I'm sure you won't be disappointed.

C．The couple treated me as a son of their family.

D．It also helps to improve the visitors' language abilities.

E．We went to London, where I wanted to go many years ago.

28．Would you recommend a homestay for students who study abroad? Why？(不超过15词)

\_\_**Yes.Because\_\_this\_\_can\_\_help\_\_us\_\_learn\_\_more\_\_about\_\_local\_\_culture.**\_\_

**第七讲　八年级(上)Units 3—4　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

laugh　information　both　serious　young

1．—How was your trip in Chengdu?

—Not so good.I stayed there for two days.But it rained on \_\_**both**\_\_ of the days.

2．Kids like reading stories which can make them \_\_**laugh**\_\_.

3．Helen is the \_\_**youngest**\_\_ person in her family.Her two elder sisters are both married.

4．—I know little about this product.

—Surf the Internet, and you will get much \_\_**information**\_\_ about it.

5．Her father is very \_\_**serious**\_\_， and he never tells jokes.

Ⅱ.完形填空

Sam was very nervous. It was his first day in a new \_\_6**D**\_\_， and lunch was only thirty minutes away. For most students, lunch is the \_\_7**A**\_\_ part of the school day. It is the time when you talk with your friends, get to know what interesting things everyone is doing, and, of course, \_\_8**A**\_\_. Sam, however, didn't know anyone or anything, like where to sit or with whom to sit at lunch.

Sam's \_\_9**C**\_\_ was in the army, so his family moved a lot. He had really liked his old school and \_\_10**A**\_\_ leaving his two best friends. They still talked to each other through phone calls and e­mails, \_\_11**C**\_\_ he couldn't see them every day. He wondered if their \_\_12**D**\_\_ would continue. He didn't want to lose them, but he knew it would be \_\_13**B**\_\_ for them to stay close.

“I know this is hard on you，” his mother said as he got ready for school this morning, “and I'm really \_\_14**B**\_\_ you have to keep changing schools because of my job.” Sam could see regret in her eyes, but he didn't want her to feel that way. \_\_15**C**\_\_ had always been ready to defend (保卫) not only the family but also the country. Sam loved her so much. He gave her a smile and told her not to \_\_16**D**\_\_. He had wanted to mean it, but there was still always worry in him when they moved.

The \_\_17**B**\_\_ time came quickly. As Sam was walking to the dining room, a voice behind him said, “Excuse me.” Sam \_\_18**D**\_\_ and saw five friendly faces.

“Would you like to join us？” asked one of them.

This \_\_19**A**\_\_ invitation was exactly what he needed. Sam nodded yes \_\_20**B**\_\_ and joined them. He was sure about his future school life now.

6．A.company B．family

C．factory D．school

7．A.best B．longest

C．shortest D．worst

8．A.eat B．learn

C．run D．sleep

9．A.brother B．father

C．mother D．sister

10．A.hated B．imagined

C．tried D．suggested

11．A.so B．or

C．but D．if

12．A.discussion B．dream

C．business D．friendship

13．A.safe B．hard

C．natural D．terrible

14．A.proud B．sorry

C．excited D．surprised

15．A.He B．I

C．She D．We

16．A.forget B．move

C．return D．worry

17．A.breakfast B．lunch

C．tea D．dinner

18．A.sat down B．got up

C．ran away D．turned around

19．A.unexpected B．creative

C．funny D．popular

20．A.bravely B．happily

C．nervously D．patiently

Ⅲ.阅读理解

Do you like listening to music? Do you often turn up the music when you're using earphones? If so, your hearing may have been damaged (损坏)．

The World Health Organization (WHO) is worried that about 1.1 billion children and young people are damaging their hearing by listening to loud music.Nearly half the young people in developed countries may lose their hearing because of the “unsafe use” of music players, including smartphones.Loud music, in nightclubs, at parties and sports also makes it worse.

The WHO advises young people to listen to music for just one hour a day.Dr.Etienne Krug said, “What we're trying to do is to draw people's attention to a problem that is not talked about enough.” He added it was easy to solve this problem.

Dr.Krug said keeping the music down and limiting the listening time to less than one hour a day would save a lot of people's hearing.However, he also said, “Even an hour can be too much if the music is too loud.” Ralph Holme, a researcher, explained how loud noise could damage ears.He said, “Loud sounds damage your hearing by killing off thousands of little hair cells (细胞) in the inner ear.The cells can tell different sounds through vibration (振动)．But they are very fragile—they get damaged easily and even die if they vibrate too much because of loud sounds for too long.”He warned, “The bigger problem is that they don't grow back and the ear can no longer hear sounds.”

No one wants to lose their hearing! Therefore, next time you listen to music, make sure it's not too loud and only listen for less than an hour.You can enjoy your music much better in this way.

21．How are the children and young people damaging their hearing? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．By using smartphones.

B．By going to the party.

C．By listening to loud music.

D．By talking with friends.

22．How long does the WHO advise young people to listen to music a day? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．For three hours.

B．For just one hour.

C．For half of the day.

D．For more than one hour.

23．According to Dr.Etienne Krug, what he is trying to do is \_\_**A**\_\_．

A．to draw people's attention to the hearing problem

B．to tell people it's important to keep healthy

C．to warn young people not to stay up too late

D．to ask people to protect the environment

24．From the passage we can learn that \_\_**A**\_\_．

A．keeping the music down would save young people's hearing

B．the damaged cells can grow back

C．young people lose their hearing because of going to the nightclubs

D．the problem of young people's hearing damage is talked about enough

**第九讲　八年级(上)Units 7—8　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

hundred　possible　temperature　celebrate　autumn

1．—Have you heard of Earth Day?

—Yes.The first Earth Day \_\_**was\_\_celebrated**\_\_ in 1970 to educate us to protect our planet.

2．In our hometown, \_\_**hundreds**\_\_ of villagers leave for big cities to look for jobs.

3．It's \_\_**impossible**\_\_ for ten people to finish so much work in a week.It needs some more time.

4．In North China, leaves usually turn yellow when \_\_**autumn**\_\_ comes.

5．The weather is very hot this summer.The \_\_**temperature**\_\_ reached 41℃ in Guangzhou on July 10th.

Ⅱ.完形填空

What does taking a risk (冒险行为) mean? It means trying \_\_6**D**\_\_ things even if they make you feel uncomfortable or afraid.One of the greatest risks I'd ever taken was playing a \_\_7**A**\_\_ in my high school's fall play.Not only was I a person who had only a(n) \_\_8**C**\_\_ performance experience, but also I stuttered(结巴)．The \_\_9**A**\_\_ of performing in front of people before also made me doubt whether it was a good choice.The reason why I \_\_10**B**\_\_ to perform was that I wanted to take part in my school theater program.

On the day of the audition, there were also some acting exercises to warm us up.We were divided into pairs to \_\_11**D**\_\_ for it.I felt very worried.After I said some lines (台词), my partner said, “I \_\_12**C**\_\_ you are stuttering.Is that for dramatic effect or do you really stutter？” I was too embarrassed to speak.

When my \_\_13**A**\_\_ to the audition came, my heart was beating fast.Across from me \_\_14**A**\_\_ the director and his assistants (助手)．Needless to say, I was really \_\_15**B**\_\_ my performance.I played the role of a man painter who pretended (假装) to be a woman.My partner was playing a businessman who wanted to marry me (the woman)．We said our lines and, \_\_16**A**\_\_， I didn't stutter.We went through it several times, and finally it was over.I was so \_\_17**D**\_\_．

The next Monday I was \_\_18**A**\_\_ that I had made it.How excited I was! It was a lot of fun making the play, and it was clear to me that my stuttering couldn't \_\_19**A**\_\_ me doing what I wanted to do.Taking risks may be difficult but the beautiful result will also be well worth the time and \_\_20**C**\_\_．

6．A.interesting B．exciting

C．tiring D．difficult

7．A.role B．song

C．bicycle D．cartoon

8．A.enough B．some

C．little D．much

9．A.experience B．thought

C．memory D．purpose

10．A.failed B．decided

C．afforded D．refused

11．A.compare B．understand

C．describe D．prepare

12．A.promise B．wish

C．notice D．imagine

13．A.turn B．hope

C．dream D．plan

14．A.sat B．lied

C．competed D．cared

15．A.amazed at B．worried about

C．used to D．curious about

16．A.surprisingly B．finally

C．probably D．certainly

17．A.bored B．interested

C．touched D．relaxed

18．A.told B．asked

C．said D．warned

19．A.stop B．get

C．have D．find

20．A.advice B．power

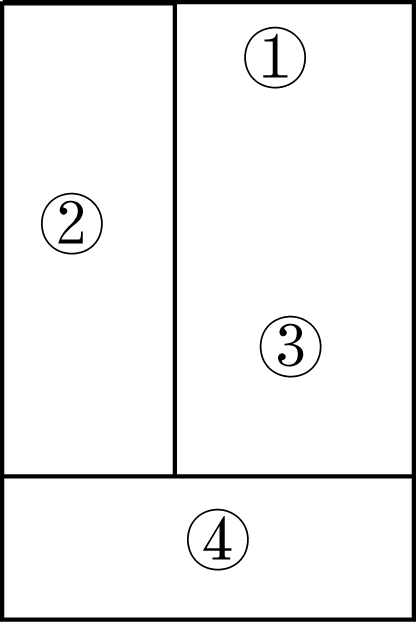
C．work D．feeling

Ⅲ.阅读理解

The Cornell system of taking notes was created during the 1950s.It is mainly used to help students save time and make their note taking the most effective.The system has the following steps.

Divide your paper into three columns (栏)．Use a piece of standard­sized notebook paper.Measure (测量) 2.5 inches (英寸) from the left side of the page.Draw a vertical (垂直的) line down the page to about 2 inches from the bottom.The left side of the vertical line is the cue column of your notes and key words or phrases can be written in the cue column.Then draw a horizontal (水平的) line at the 2­inch mark from the bottom of the page all the way to the end of the right side of the page.This space under the horizontal line is known as your summary area.You will use it to write down the most important parts.The remaining area, which is 6 inches wide, is where you'll actually take notes in class.

Take notes in the note­taking column.All your notes will be taken in the right part of this paper and try to use abbreviations.You don't need to write down the complete words or phrases.For example, just write down the first letter of each word.Get just the main points down.The main points can help you to review your notes easily in the future.

Review your notes within 24 hours.After each class, read through your notes and make them clearer if necessary.Make your notes shorter by writing the top­level main ideas down in the summary area.You will have to reread the lesson's ideas, think them over, and put them in your own words if you can. Cover up the right­hand part of your notes and repeat the general ideas and thoughts from memory.

21．Which part is the cue column according to the text? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．① B．②

C．③ D．④

22．What is the summary area used to do? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．To prepare lessons before class.

B．To write down key words or phrases.

C．To write down the most important parts.

D．To take notes when you're taking a class.

23. Which can be the right order to review the notes? \_\_**D**\_\_

a．Repeat general ideas and thoughts from memory.

b．Read through your notes.

c．Put your notes in your own words.

d．Write down the top­level main ideas.

A．d—a—c—b B．d—c—b—a

C．b—d—a—c D．b—d—c—a

24. What's the main purpose of the text? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．To invite us to take a class and share ideas.

B．To introduce us to a great method of taking notes.

C．To teach us how to prepare for the coming exams.

D．To show us the ways to improve our reading skills.

Ⅳ.词汇运用B

A scientist named Charles had a strange idea.He wanted to 25.\_\_**invent**\_\_ (发明) a new kind of car which could go without a driver.It could be 26.\_\_**used**\_\_ (使用) as a living room as well.That means you can go anywhere on your sofa in the car.You might say that it's impossible.But Charles succeeded in making it in a factory and named it Tridika.Tridika has no 27.\_\_**wheels**\_\_ (轮子) and it starts working when it reaches the magnetic levitation tracks (磁悬浮轨道)．As 28.\_\_**everyone/everybody**\_\_ (每个人) knows, cities are developing rapidly (快速地)．There are a lot of cars running on the road. 29.\_\_**Sometimes**\_\_ (有时) it's hard to find a place to park.Tridika can solve this problem easily because it can park on the 30.\_\_**outside**\_\_ (外面的) wall of the building with the help of an elevator system (电梯系统)．When Tridika parks 31.\_\_**itself**\_\_ (它本身) in front of your apartment (公寓), you can get into your room 32.\_\_**directly**\_\_ (直接地)．Then Tridika becomes another living room.It's really amazing, isn't it? Tridika can hold six 33.\_\_**passengers**\_\_ (乘客)．So you can go on vacation in it with your family in your free time.Of course, it can 34.\_\_**also**\_\_ (也) be served as an office while you are traveling on the road.That is to say, you can travel and work at the same time.

**第十一讲　八年级(下)Units 1—2　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

city　rain　decide　they　headache

1．Wuhan, one of the most important \_\_**cities**\_\_ in China, is famous for the Yellow Crane Tower.

2．How delicious! Did the students make the fruit salad all by \_\_**themselves**\_\_？

3．My brother woke up with a bad \_\_**headache**\_\_， but by the evening the pain had gone.

4．They are pressing us to make a quick \_\_**decision**\_\_．

5．He had to stay at home because it was \_\_**raining**\_\_ heavily.

Ⅱ.完形填空

When you feel sad or when you are in trouble, who do you turn to first for help? What will you do for them \_\_6**B**\_\_？

Once upon a time, there was a big apple tree.A little boy loved to \_\_7**D**\_\_ on it every day.They both had a good time those days.\_\_8**C**\_\_ time went by, the little boy got a bit older and no longer played on the tree.

One day, the boy came back to the tree with a(n) \_\_9**A**\_\_ look on his face.

“Come and play with me，” the tree asked the boy.

“I am no longer a \_\_10**B**\_\_．I don't play on trees any more，” the boy said. “I want \_\_11**A**\_\_．I need money to buy them.”

“Sorry.I don't have money.But you can pick my apples and\_\_12**C**\_\_ them.Then you will have money to buy toys.”

The boy was excited.He picked all the apples on the trees and \_\_13**C**\_\_ happily.

Twenty years later, the boy turned into a \_\_14**D**\_\_ and returned to the tree again.

“Come and play with me，” the tree said.

“I don't have time to play.I have to work to \_\_15**A**\_\_ my family.We need a house.”

“Sorry.I don't have a house.But you can \_\_16**B**\_\_ my branches (树枝) to build your house.”

The man cut all the branches off the tree and left \_\_17**D**\_\_.The tree was pleased to see him happy.

Forty years later, the man returned again.He was much \_\_18**B**\_\_．He said he was tired.

“Sorry, my boy, but I don't have\_\_19**B**\_\_ for you any more, except my dying roots (根)．Come and sit down with me，” the tree said.

The man sat down and felt\_\_20**D**\_\_．The tree was pleased to see him once again.

6．A.in time B．in return

C．in fact D．in order

7．A.talk B．sing

C．paint D．play

8．A.Though B．Before

C．As D．If

9．A.sad B．angry

C．shy D．crazy

10．A.student B．kid

C．friend D．farmer

11．A.toys B．jobs

C．clothes D．books

12．A.accept B．burn

C．sell D．eat

13．A.arrived B．slept

C．left D．pushed

14．A.teenager B．member

C．writer D．man

15．A.support B．greet

C．know D．miss

16．A.get off B．cut off

C．put off D．give off

17．A.proudly B．nervously

C．silently D．gladly

18．A.taller B．older

C．cleverer D．quieter

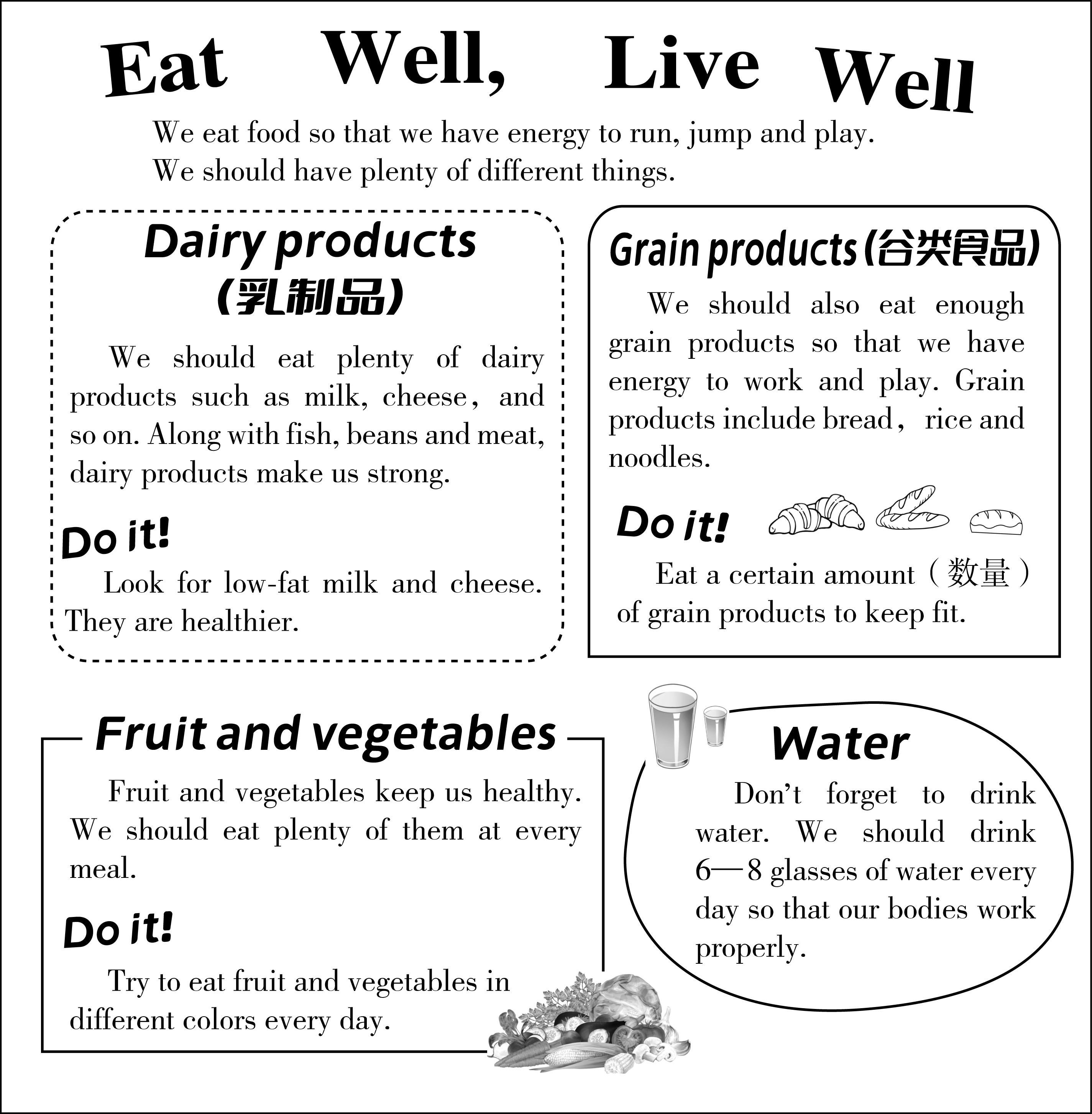
19．A.something B．anything

C．nothing D．everything

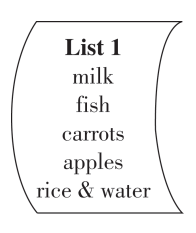
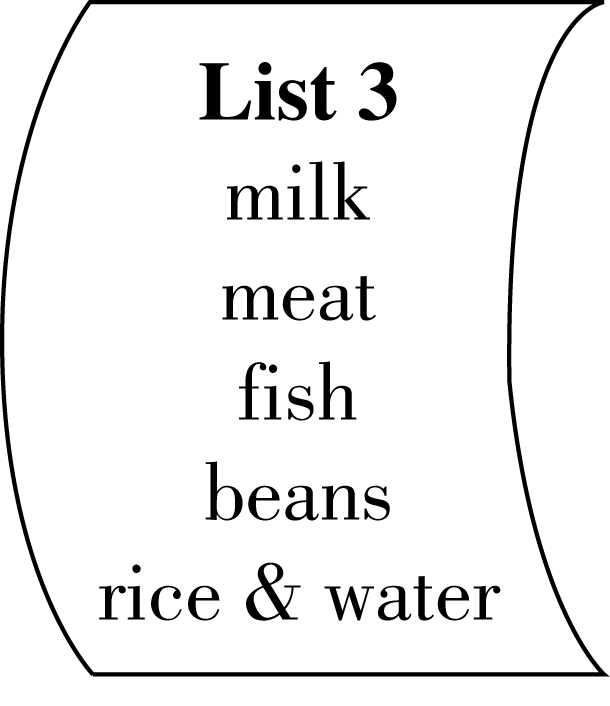
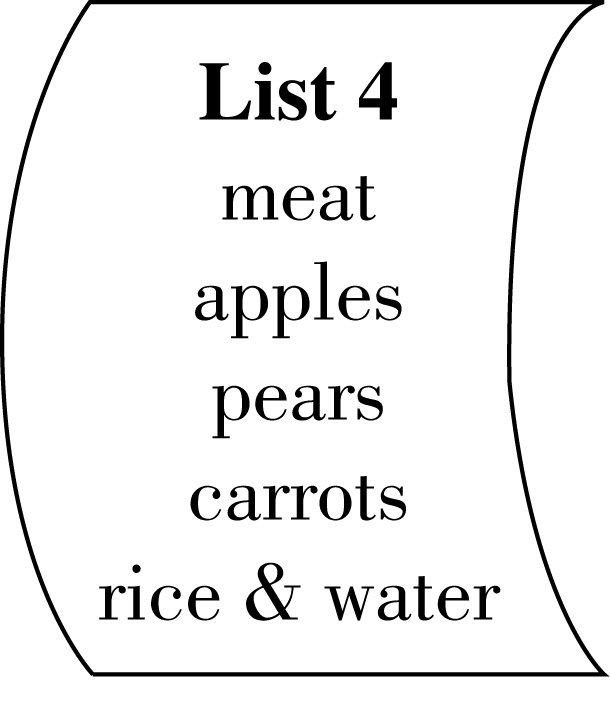
20．A.lost B．afraid

C．excited D．relaxed

Ⅲ.阅读理解



21．Which is healthier than the other three according to the passage? \_\_**A**\_\_

A.  B. C. D.

22．What's the writer's opinion about eating well? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．Grain products are the best of all.

B．Eat plenty of food as you like every day.

C．Vegetables make our bodies work properly.

D．Have different kinds of food and enough water.

23．In which part of a magazine can we probably read the passage? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Art. B．Sports.

C．Health. D．Education.

Ⅳ.书面表达

24．假设你是李华，寒假期间参与了班级组织的社会实践活动。请你写一篇英语短文，向校英语报投稿，分享此次活动的经历和感受。文章包括以下内容要点：

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| When | Saturday, February 3rd |
| Where | Taizhou Library |
| What I did | help put away books, make bookmarks… |
| How I felt | … |

注意： (1)短文必须包括表格中的所有信息，可适当发挥；

(2)文中不得出现真实的人名、校名等相关信息；

(3)词数：80～100；标题和开头已给出，不计入总词数。

**A Day at the Library**

During the winter break, I had a great time joining in a special social practice activity.\_\_**Our\_\_class\_\_organized\_\_a\_\_visit\_\_to\_\_Taizhou\_Library\_on\_\_Saturday,\_February\_\_3rd,\_\_and\_\_it\_\_was\_\_an\_\_unforgettable\_\_experience!\_\_**\_\_

**First,\_\_we\_\_worked\_\_together\_\_to\_\_put\_\_away\_\_books.It\_\_was\_\_like\_\_solving\_\_a big\_\_puzzle,\_\_and\_\_I\_\_enjoyed\_\_every\_\_moment\_\_of\_\_it.After\_\_that,\_\_we\_\_made\_colorful\_\_bookmarks\_\_which\_\_would\_\_encourage\_\_people\_\_to\_\_read\_\_more\_\_books.But\_the\_most\_\_amazing\_\_part\_\_was\_\_reading\_\_stories\_\_to\_\_young\_\_kids.I\_\_could\_\_see\_\_in\_\_their\_eyes\_\_that\_\_they\_\_were\_\_going\_\_on\_\_a\_\_different\_\_journey with\_\_each\_\_new\_\_story.**\_\_

**This\_\_experience\_\_gave\_\_me\_\_a\_\_great\_\_sense\_\_of\_\_pride.\_\_Our\_\_small\_\_efforts\_\_**

**made\_\_a\_\_big\_\_difference.**\_\_

**第十三讲　八年级(下)Units 5—6　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

interest　silent　arrive　remind　progress

1．I think history is \_\_**interesting**\_\_. I like it very much.

2．With the help of the teacher, I have made some \_\_**progress**\_\_ in spoken English.

3．He will ring me up as soon as he \_\_**arrives**\_\_ in Beijing.

4．This year marks Earth Day's 54th birthday.It was created to \_\_**remind**\_\_ people to care about the earth.

5．Nobody talked in the room.They finished their meal in \_\_**silence**\_\_．

Ⅱ.完形填空

Emily has fought with her weight for a long time. Each time she tried to \_\_6**B**\_\_ the extra (额外的) pounds, it got harder.\_\_7**C**\_\_ this time she made it.

Her youngest child had \_\_8**A**\_\_ for college, so she had more time. Then she could pay special \_\_9**D**\_\_ to her own goals. And she had just arrived at a very important event in her development: turning 50. “I think at this point in \_\_10**C**\_\_， getting in shape is only going to get harder，” she said.

It was very \_\_11**C**\_\_ to have a clear goal. She didn't miss any chance on a long \_\_12**B**\_\_ ride or hike (远足). To start to lose weight right away, she \_\_13**D**\_\_ all the junk food and ate more fruit and vegetables. She lost 5 pounds \_\_14**A**\_\_. She was very happy.

To support her weight loss (减肥) and get \_\_15**D**\_\_， Emily made a big decision. She increased her activities \_\_16**B**\_\_ going to the gym, riding with a biking group, hiking and taking the stairs instead of the lift at work.

Visiting her parents' house was one of Emily's biggest \_\_17**A**\_\_. “Food is everywhere all the time, on tables, in the fridge—even the second fridge is \_\_18**B**\_\_. As long as I didn't touch any of it, I was OK.” For \_\_19**C**\_\_ together, she often brought her own prepared food.

Two years later, Emily \_\_20**D**\_\_ her 30­pound weight loss goal and knew she could keep up her healthy habits for life. People who hadn't seen her for a while said, “You look great！”

6．A.care B．lose

C．notice D．worry

7．A.Or B．So

C．But D．For

8．A.left B．thought

C．built D．got

9．A.celebration B．position

C．condition D．attention

10．A.line B．public

C．life D．common

11．A.comfortable B．general

C．useful D．thankful

12．A.train B．bike

C．car D．bus

13．A.put up B．laid out

C．cut up D．cut out

14．A.quickly B．helpfully

C．personally D．differently

15．A.funnier B．smarter

C．friendlier D．healthier

16．A.of B．by

C．at D．to

17．A.challenges B．advantages

C．purposes D．directions

18．A.clean B．full

C．fine D．open

19．A.performances B．expressions

C．meals D．courses

20．A.required B．reviewed

C．allowed D．reached

Ⅲ.阅读理解

When I was young, I loved paper cutting and I was pretty good at it.As I grew up, I became busy and didn't have much time for it.Later, I stopped doing it.

However, the news I came across online touched my heart and changed my mind.A little girl from Jieyang, Guangdong was practicing the lion dance when a professional lion dance performance team (专业舞狮表演队) passed by.As soon as they saw the girl practicing, they started to beat drums and gongs for her and quickly she did a lion dance in return.People around all cheered for her.Her love for the ancient Chinese culture evoked my strong memories of paper cutting.

I remembered the happy times of making paper cuttings with my teacher and friends in the club.When I was ten, I joined the paper cutting club.Every Monday and Friday, I learned to make paper cutting there.Our teacher, Ms.Li, was very talented.With a pair of scissors and a piece of paper, she could create lively works (作品)．That amazed us.And we learned much from her.Together, we created lots of works.They covered many topics, including animals, flowers and things about Chinese history.Every time we held a paper cutting show, our works attracted many visitors.The girl in the news encouraged me to go on with paper cutting.I want to be an inheritor (继承者) of the ancient Chinese culture.Together with other inheritors, I hope to pass down our excellent culture.

21．What did the girl do after the team began to beat drums and gongs for her? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．She watched their show carefully.

B．She did a lion dance in return.

C．She cheered for the team.

D．She made a paper cutting for the team.

22．The underlined word “evoked” means “\_\_**A**\_\_” in Paragraph 2.

A．brought back B．took away

C．cut off D．depended on

23．What is the main idea of Paragraph 3? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．The long history of paper cutting.

B．The steps of making paper cutting.

C．The writer's happy times of making paper cutting.

D．The writer's plans for setting up a paper cutting club.

24．Which of the following is TRUE? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．The writer wasn't good at paper cutting at a young age.

B．Now the writer practices paper cutting twice a week.

C．The writer hopes to be an inheritor of paper cutting.

D．After watching the news, the writer decided to learn the lion dance.

Ⅳ.词汇运用B

Almost everyone has told a lie in their life.But it doesn't mean you are a terrible person just because you have lied.People have many different 25.\_\_**reasons**\_\_ (原因) for lying.Some people lie to make them look better.26.\_\_**Sometimes**\_\_ (有时候) when some students get a bad grade on a test, they might lie to their parents and tell them that they got an A．A boy who doesn't want to 27.\_\_**share**\_\_ (分享) his candy might lie by telling his friends he has no more candy.

But have you 28.\_\_**thought**\_\_ (想) of the result of telling lies? Lies damage trust.Trust is one of the most 29.\_\_**special**\_\_ (特别的) things you can have with other people.When you trust someone, you know he or she will not hurt you or lie to you.But when a person lies to someone who trusts him or her, the trust is damaged.

If your best friend told you a lie, how would you feel about him or her? You might 30.\_\_**stop**\_\_ (停止) trusting your friend.Then it might be hard for you to be friends.

The 31.\_\_**worst**\_\_ (最糟糕的) part about telling a lie is that it can make you feel sad about yourself.Lying can hurt you from the inside.

Telling the truth can be hard.But being 32.\_\_**honest**\_\_ (诚实) is worth, even if you might get punishments for it.You'll feel 33.\_\_**proud**\_\_ (自豪) that you are 34.\_\_**brave**\_\_ (勇敢的) enough to tell the truth.

**第十五讲　八年级(下)Units 9—10　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

rapid　check　peace　whether　memory

1. Before you ask someone for help, find out \_\_**whether**\_\_ he is the right person for your problem.

2. —Paul, I'm busy cooking.Can you give a hand?

—Just a minute.I \_\_**am\_\_checking**\_\_ my e­mail.

3．The experience has left many sweet \_\_**memories**\_\_ in my heart.

4．The king gave the award to the artist who painted this \_\_**peaceful**\_\_ picture.

5. I don't believe you can improve English in such a(n)\_\_**rapid**\_\_ way.

Ⅱ.完形填空

Tom was a middle school student.His father, Mr.John was a rich \_\_6**B**\_\_ and had a very big farm.They \_\_7**D**\_\_ in a small village.Later Mr.John opened a shop in their town and \_\_8**A**\_\_ a house there last month.Then his family \_\_9**B**\_\_ in and Tom began to study in a new school.But at first he had \_\_10**A**\_\_ friends at school.He always had nobody to play with.

His neighbor Linda was a kind girl.She had many \_\_11**D**\_\_．When she found the boy \_\_12**D**\_\_ talked with others, she decided to help him.She talked a lot \_\_13**C**\_\_ him and sometimes played with him, \_\_14**B**\_\_ they became good friends very soon.

One afternoon, Linda said to Tom, “It'll be my \_\_15**B**\_\_ birthday tomorrow.I will have a birthday \_\_16**D**\_\_.Would you please come？” “\_\_17**C**\_\_．I'm glad to.” The boy was very happy.

Tom got home and thought about \_\_18**A**\_\_ he could give to Linda.He was sorry that he didn't ask the girl what she \_\_19**D**\_\_．Just then Mrs.John came and asked, “What's up, dear？” “What would you like if it is \_\_20**B**\_\_ fifteenth birthday？” “Anything，” his mother answered.“I just wish I were 15 now.”

6．A.doctor B．farmer

C．teacher D．dancer

7．A.studied B．worked

C．stayed D．lived

8．A.bought B．sold

C．saw D．cared

9．A.broke B．moved

C．put D．joined

10．A.few B．many

C．some D．more

11．A.classmates B．sisters

C．brothers D．friends

12．A.always B．sometimes

C．usually D．never

13．A.of B．at

C．with D．about

14．A.unless B．so

C．if D．because

15．A.14th B．15th

C．16th D．17th

16．A.card B．gift

C．cake D．party

17．A.Quietly B．Carefully

C．Certainly D．Quickly

18．A.what B．how

C．when D．where

19．A.talked B．thought

C．found D．liked

20．A.my B．your

C．his D．her

Ⅲ.阅读理解

It's always a good thing to have a hobby.For Miss Patty, a school bus driver in Erie County, her hobby of knitting(编织) has made her really touch the community.

Miss Patty always wanted to do something with her spare time to help the students.After a conversation with one of the students, things took a turn from knitting one hat to knitting more hats.

“One boy gets on the bus, and he goes，‘What are you doing？’ I said，‘I'm making a hat.’ He said，‘That would be great having such a warm hat in icy winter.’ So I said，‘What color would you like？’ That started everything，” Miss Patty told the local newspaper.

Several years have passed since that day, and Miss Patty has already knitted 7，083 hats for students in her spare time.Sometimes she will get the student's favorite color before she begins the project.

What is more moving is that Miss Patty buys all the materials (材料) using her own money.Some people do give her gift cards around the holidays to help, but she still puts out a lot of her own money.

Along with making hats for the students that will keep them warm, Miss Patty also gets praise for being a trusted friend to the students.

21．What made Miss Patty decide to knit more hats? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．A drive to Erie County.

B．A show of colorful hats.

C．A letter in the newspaper.

D．A conversation with a boy.

22．Why does Miss Patty knit so many hats in her spare time? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．To practice her skill.

B．To better her business.

C．To make more friends.

D．To gift students for winter.

23．What makes Miss Patty's act more moving? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．She refuses others' help.

B．She buys materials with her own money.

C．She works during holidays.

D．She knits hats of different colors for kids.

24．Which of the following best describes Miss Patty? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Humorous. B．Honest.

C．Caring. D．Shy.

Ⅳ.词汇运用B

Singapore is a city of different cultures. Walking through the streets of Singapore, you can 25.\_\_**hear**\_\_ (听到) different languages spoken, such as English, Chinese and Malay. People from different cultures live and work peacefully with each other and 26.\_\_**share**\_\_ (分享) their traditions.

In Singapore, cultural differences are shown in building styles, shops and in many other ways. Take food as a(n) 27.\_\_**example**\_\_ (例子), each culture has its own place to sell its traditional food, but there are also the 28.\_\_**famous/well­known**\_\_ (著名的) Hawkers Markets. Different foods are sold here in these 29.\_\_**busy**\_\_ (繁忙的) markets. And they're very popular with Singapore citizens and 30.\_\_**visitors/tourists/travelers/travellers**\_\_ (游客) from around the world. The food is good and very 31.\_\_**cheap**\_\_ (便宜的)．

Singapore is also an interesting country.A large number of people, ideas, etc. are mixed together 32.\_\_**under**\_\_ (在……下面) the same sky. English is used for business, 33.\_\_**although/though**\_\_ (虽然) the official language here is Malay. Now, however, there is a strong Chinese business community and also a growing Indian business community. Singapore welcomes talented people from around the world and 34.\_\_**hopes**\_\_ (希望) they will live there all their lives.

**第十七讲　九年级(全)Units 3—4　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

chance　turn　play　center　crowded

1．If you fight hard, know who you are, and are proud of who you are, you've got a good \_\_**chance**\_\_ of winning.

2. There will be rain later in \_\_**central**\_\_ and eastern parts of the country.

3. To our surprise, the supermarket is \_\_**uncrowded**\_\_ on Sunday.

4．Remember \_\_**to\_\_turn**\_\_ off the lights when you leave the room.

5. Did you have fun \_\_**playing**\_\_ basketball yesterday, Bob?

Ⅱ.完形填空

Harry and Ann lived a mile from a town. They used to spend one hour going to school \_\_6**C**\_\_ every day. It was a pleasant walk down the road, because there was a very beautiful \_\_7**A**\_\_ beside the road.

When the ice was \_\_8**D**\_\_ enough, they walked across the lake. However, their mother did not allow them to walk on the ice \_\_9**B**\_\_ someone was with them. One day she kissed them and said goodbye to them, “Don't go across the lake today, children. It is \_\_10**A**\_\_ to thaw (融化)．”

When Harry and Ann came to the lake, the \_\_11**C**\_\_ looked hard and safe. Harry \_\_12**B**\_\_ what his mother had said. He told his sister, “The ice hasn't thawed. It is not \_\_13**D**\_\_ at all. Don't worry. We will have a \_\_14**C**\_\_ time on the ice.”

So they stepped on the ice, and started to go across the lake. They had not gone far before the ice \_\_15**A**\_\_， and they fell into the water. A man \_\_16**D**\_\_ the children shouting for help. He immediately ran to the lake to \_\_17**B**\_\_ them. Harry tried to be safe without any help. However, poor Ann wasn't able to \_\_18**C**\_\_. She couldn't get out of the water by herself. At last, the man saved \_\_19**A**\_\_ from the water.

Harry \_\_20**B**\_\_ a bad cold after the accident. He remembered the lesson learned that day as long as he lived.

6．A.by bike B．by car

C．on foot D．by bus

7．A.lake　 B．park

C．forest D．river

8．A.weak B．soft

C．thin D．thick

9．A.since B．unless

C．and D．but

10．A.beginning B．stopping

C．deciding D．choosing

11．A.tree B．bridge

C．ice D．house

12．A.reviewed B．forgot

C．required D．realized

13．A.cold B．private

C．safe D．dangerous

14．A.boring B．lonely

C．good D．bad

15．A.broke B．showed

C．increased D．spread

16．A.met B．smelt

C．felt D．heard

17．A.teach B．save

C．interview D．guard

18．A.fish B．skate

C．swim D．dance

19．A.her B．him

C．me D．you

20．A.kept B．got

C．found D．hit

Ⅲ.阅读理解

|  |
| --- |
| **Riverside B&B**  **Price:**  from $30 per night  **Bedrooms:**  single, twin or double rooms  **View:**  river  **Location:**  20 minutes from the city center (taxi)  **Facilities:**  private bathroom, WiFi, air­con, fridge, TV, restaurant |
| **Beautiful Apartment**  **Price:**  from $60 per night  **Number of rooms:**  whole apartment with living room, kitchen, bathrooms  **Bedrooms:**  2 (sleeps 4)  **View:**  park  **Location:**  5 minutes from the city center (taxi)  **Facilities:**  WiFi, air­con, TV |
| **Capsule Hotel**  **Price:**  from $13 per night  **Size:**  2.5 square meters  **Bed:**  all single  **View:**  none  **Location:**  city center  **Facilities:**  shared bathroom and entertainment room, USB, WiFi, TV |

21.How much does a bed at Capsule Hotel cost per night? \_\_**A**\_\_

A．From $13.

B．From $30.

C．From $60.

D．From $90.

22．Which hotel is the farthest from the city center? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Park Hotel.

B．Capsule Hotel.

C．Riverside B&B.

D．Beautiful Apartment.

23．Which of the following is TRUE according to the ads above? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．You can get double rooms at Capsule Hotel.

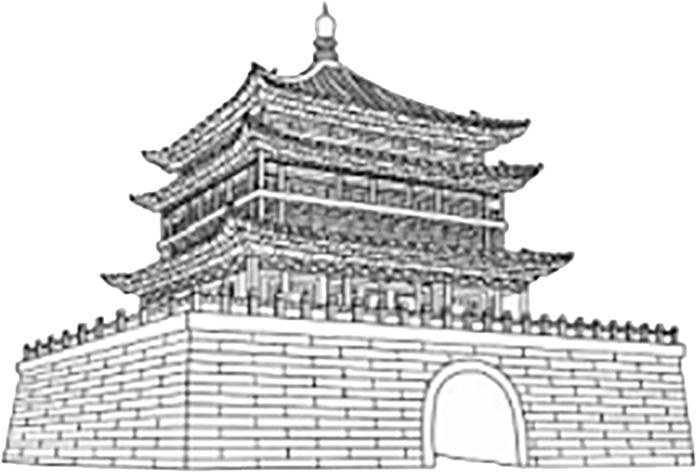
B．You can cook meals at Beautiful Apartment.

C．You can use public bathrooms at Riverside B&B.

D．You can stay in any of the hotels with a beautiful view.

Ⅳ.语法填空

Xi'an is the capital city of Shaanxi Province.It lies in 24.\_\_**the**\_\_ north of China.The city's early history is often connected with Liu Bang, who started the Han Dynasty and made Xi'an his capital.He 25.\_\_**gave**\_\_ (give) it the name Chang'an.During the Tang Dynasty, Xi'an achieved its great importance.Korea and Japan followed Xi'an's example in 26.\_\_**building**\_\_ (build) their ancient capitals.

Many things from ancient times can still be found in Xi'an today.The city wall—one of the few city walls still left in China—is a good example.It 27.\_\_**goes**\_\_ (go) around the city and is an important cultural site (遗址)．In central Xi'an there is the Bell Tower—the 28.\_\_**largest**\_\_ (large) bell tower remaining in China.The bell was first designed as an emergency alarm (警钟) to warn of danger, 29.\_\_**but**\_\_ it was very often used to tell people the time.

While Xi'an is a city 30.\_\_**with**\_\_ a long history, it is also very much a part of the modern world.It is best 31.\_\_**known**\_\_ (know) as a center for software (软件) research, development and services.Historically, Xi'an has always been a city of art, industry and business that have placed it far in front of many other 32.\_\_**cities**\_\_ (city)．

Xi'an is a city always remaking 33.\_\_**itself**\_\_ (it) and looking forward, all the while keeping the best of the past.

**第十九讲　九年级(全)Units 7—8　•　 25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

1. Since there's something wrong with your computer, you'd better go and have it \_\_**repaired**\_\_．

2. Don't worry about my \_\_**safety**\_\_．I will be very careful.

3. We should manage \_\_**to\_\_get**\_\_ to the airport on time.

4. He offered \_\_**valuable**\_\_ advice that we all agreed with.

5. The pencil can't be \_\_**hers**\_\_．She wasn't at school today.

Ⅱ.完形填空

Justin and Mary woke up early. \_\_6**A**\_\_ told them about a monster that haunts the lake yesterday. Justin and Mary decided to see it.

It was only 5：00 a．m., so \_\_7**C**\_\_ else in the house was still asleep. Mary and Justin went to the boat dock (码头). It was too foggy (有雾的) to\_\_8**D**\_\_ anything.

“Do you see anything？” Mary asked.

“I see nothing. Do you think Uncle Thomas was just\_\_9**B**\_\_ to scare us？” Justin said.

“This was the first scary story Uncle Thomas told us，” Mary said. “\_\_10**A**\_\_ what he said? The monster haunts the lake. The people in the story were in \_\_11**C**\_\_.”

“You want to go out on the water? Mom will be angry\_\_12**B**\_\_ we go out on the lake alone，” Justin said.

“Maybe we don't have to go anywhere. We\_\_13**D**\_\_ sit in the boat while it's docked. That would be safe，” Mary said.

Justin climbed into the boat \_\_14**A**\_\_ carefully. Then Mary climbed into the boat and sat\_\_15**A**\_\_ him. They looked around, and gradually, the\_\_16**D**\_\_ began to rise. Mary suddenly shouted, “The monster！” It was in the boat with them!

They\_\_17**B**\_\_ each other in fear, but then they heard a laugh. Justin realized something and said, “Uncle Thomas？”

“I knew that you would get up\_\_18**C**\_\_ because of my story，” Uncle Thomas said.

Mary and Justin were \_\_19**A**\_\_ that there was no monster after all.

Uncle Thomas laughed, “I brought \_\_20**B**\_\_ for you. Are you hungry？”

“Yes, we are. Let's have breakfast，” Mary and Justin said.

6．A.Uncle Thomas B．Uncle Jack

C．Uncle Bert D．Uncle Adum

7．A.everything B．anything

C．everyone D．someone

8．A.feel B．catch

C．hear D．see

9．A.stopping B．trying

C．preventing D．keeping

10．A.Remember B．Imagine

C．Attend D．Receive

11．A.buses B．trains

C．boats D．planes

12．A.so B．if

C．but D．and

13．A.must B．mustn't

C．couldn't D．could

14．A.first B．second

C．third D．fourth

15．A.beside B．outside

C．of D．for

16．A.river B．mountain

C．moon D．sun

17．A.lifted B．hugged

C．divided D．fought

18．A.slowly B．suddenly

C．early D．late

19．A.happy B．sad

C．nervous D．afraid

20．A.lunch B．breakfast

C．supper D．pocket

Ⅲ.阅读理解

Some animals can easily find their way home after a long journey.How do they make it? Scientific research shows that they are born with certain unusual abilities for direction.

A certain kind of ants, for example, can count their steps to avoid getting lost.They can go as far as 110 metres and bring food home.These ants live in the open desert (沙漠), so they have nothing to guide them along the way.It's like someone walking six kilometres through a dark forest.

Some fish have an unbelievable sense of smell.They can smell even a single drop of their home water in a large sea area.Some sea birds have a similar ability.They are able to make a smell map of their flying area.

Some animals can sense the earth's magnetic field (磁场), while humans can't.This magnetic field guides a certain kind of fish when they swim a long way to a place and then back.How can this kind of fish do that? It is still a **mystery**．Scientists have no good answers yet.

However, animals with such unusual abilities still have difficulty dealing with environmental changes caused by human activities.For example, many birds depend on stars for direction, but they get lost easily at night when city lights are kept on all night.To solve this problem, we can simply turn off some lights at night.Clearly, one small act of humans may mean a lot to animals.

21．Where is this passage most probably from? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．A storybook.

B．An art magazine.

C．A guidebook.

D．A science magazine.

22．How can a certain kind of ants find their way? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．By imagining the way.

B．By counting their steps.

C．By bringing food together.

D．By walking through a forest.

23．What does the underlined word “**mystery**” in Paragraph 4 probably mean? \_\_**A**\_\_

A．Secret. B．Choice.

C．Reason. D．Feeling.

24．Which can be the best title for the passage? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Birds' Sense of Light

B．Fish's Sense of Smell

C．Animals' Sense of Direction

D．Animals' Sense of the Magnetic Field

Ⅳ.语法填空

There's a story that inspires (鼓舞) so many dreamers.

When Henry Ford decided to produce his famous V­8 motor, he chose to build an engine (引擎) with the entire eight cylinders (气缸) cast in one block, and 25.\_\_**asked**\_\_ (ask) his engineers to produce a design for the engine. The design was placed 26.\_\_**on**\_\_ paper, but all the engineers told him 27.\_\_**that**\_\_ it was simply impossible in practice.

Ford said, “Produce it anyway.”

“But，” they replied, “it's impossible！”

“Go ahead，” Ford ordered, “no matter how long it takes 28.\_\_**until/till**\_\_ it succeeds.”

The engineers went ahead. There was nothing else for them but to do that, if they still wanted to 29.\_\_**stay**\_\_ (stay) at the Ford company. Six months passed and nothing happened. Another six months passed, and still nothing happened. The engineers tried every 30.\_\_**possible**\_\_ (impossible) plan to carry out the orders, but the result was still impossible.

At the 31.\_\_**end**\_\_ (end) of the year, Ford checked with his engineers, and again they told him they had found no way to carry out his orders.

“Go right ahead，” said Ford, “I want 32.\_\_**it**\_\_ (it), and I'll have it.”

They went ahead, and then the secret was 33.\_\_**discovered**\_\_ (discover). Ford's determination (决心) had won once more!

The story may not be detailed enough but it is true. The secret of Ford's success is 34.\_\_**to\_\_know**\_\_ (know) what you want to do and stick to it. So if you want to succeed, you should know what to do next.

**25分钟**

Ⅰ.方框选词

sleepy　buy　close　besides　lately

1．—George, how can you prove the earth is round?

—I can't, sir.\_\_**Besides**\_\_， I never said it was.

2．\_\_**Lately**\_\_， they have been spending more time working together.

3．Why don't you \_\_**buy**\_\_ a birthday card for your friend?

4．The quiet music makes me feel \_\_**sleepy**\_\_．

5. Please remember \_\_**to\_\_close**\_\_ the window when you leave.

Ⅱ.完形填空

When faced with difficult situations in their lives, many people find them too challenging and \_\_6**B**\_\_， especially about their life dreams. But not for Gabriel Heredia.

Gabriel is a 20­year­old Argentinian barber (理发师) who was born \_\_7**D**\_\_ hands. But he was able to grow up happily and independently because he always had the \_\_8**C**\_\_ of friends and family. In fact, his \_\_9**C**\_\_ for such work was his mother, who is a hairdresser. At the age of 14, he began to take interest in \_\_10**D**\_\_ work and learned all kinds of hair cutting skills from her.\_\_11**C**\_\_ he first saw it as an interest, Gabriel quickly decided that this was his dream job.

Gabriel's family soon helped him open his first barbershop in San Isidro, Peru, which he \_\_12**B**\_\_ at for one and a half years. There, he met Zlatan Gomez, the president of Argentina Corta, an organization for barbers to connect, do charity work, and teach hairdressing. Later, Gabriel became part of Argentina Corta, \_\_13**B**\_\_ his services to people of all ages so they can build up the skills they needed to get a job.

Gabriel then \_\_14**A**\_\_ to Buenos Aires, Argentina where he cuts hair today. As a bright and \_\_15**D**\_\_ young man, Gabriel tries hard to not only be a barber, but also make a connection with the neighborhood. He says, “The thing that I like most about my job is that people feel \_\_16**B**\_\_ and stylish with my cuts and that makes me feel happy.”

Gabriel always does his best to be \_\_17**D**\_\_. He \_\_18**C**\_\_ gives up. There is \_\_19**A**\_\_ he can't do.\_\_20**B**\_\_ cutting hair, he has learned to ride a bike, a motorbike and even to drive a car. He is no doubt inspiring others.

6．A.give away B．give up

C．give out D．give in

7．A.with B．in

C．on D．without

8．A.presents B．money

C．support D．courage

9．A.instruction B．introduction

C．inspiration D．information

10．A.his B．their

C．its D．her

11．A.Until B．Unless

C．Although D．And

12．A.studied B．worked

C．stayed D．arrived

13．A.affording B．offering

C．asking D．choosing

14．A.moved B．returned

C．visited D．arrived

15．A.serious B．strict

C．happy D．caring

16．A.clean B．comfortable

C．unforgettable D．necessary

17．A.famous B．honest

C．special D．independent

18．A.seldom B．less

C．never D．often

19．A.nothing B．something

C．everything D．anything

20．A.Included B．Besides

C．Except D．By

Ⅲ.阅读理解

Bob likes climbing very much.However, there wasn't one climbing club in his school at first, so he felt sad.

At the beginning of the second year of middle school, his school offered rock climbing lessons in order to encourage students to exercise.He was so happy that he joined at once.

In the first lesson, the coach said, “Rock climbing needs strength, speed, courage and persistence (坚持)．All these are necessary.” But in Bob's opinion, rock climbing was just a fun activity.It interested him.

During the following classes, the coach asked the students to run 1，000 metres first, and then climb with a rope.When Bob finished running, he almost lost his breath (呼吸) and got bored, and he even did not want to touch the rope.He thought it was less interesting than before.The coach noticed that and asked him, “Why do you want to take rock climbing lessons？” “I come for fun, of course.” “Is that fun？”he asked.Bob shook his head slowly.The coach then explained patiently, “That's because you stop halfway.You know, beautiful sights are always on the top.”

After hearing his words, Bob made up his mind to finish his journey.When he got to the top in the end, he felt really excited.

Sometimes it's hard to reach the top of the mountain, but it's a pity to stop halfway, so don't give up.

21．Why did the school offer rock climbing lessons? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．To develop students' hobbies.

B．To encourage students to exercise.

C．To offer students more clubs.

D．To let students enjoy activities.

22．How far did the coach ask the students to run first in the rock climbing lessons? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．One hundred metres.

B．One hundred kilometres.

C．One thousand metres.

D．One thousand kilometres.

23．How did Bob's feelings change according to the passage? \_\_**A**\_\_

A．Sad→happy→bored→excited.

B．Excited→sad→bored→happy.

C．Happy→sad→excited→bored.

D．Sad→bored→excited→happy.

24．What's the best title of the passage? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Learn to Accept Helpful Advice

B．Let's Find the Best Hobby

C．Don't Give Up Halfway

D．Never Stay in the Same Place

Ⅳ.语法填空

Evelina De Lain is a famous musician who is about 47 this year.25.\_\_**Recently**\_\_ (recent), she gave the world a surprise.She played a big piano 5，000 meters high in the Himalayas.So she set the world record 26.\_\_**\_\_for**\_\_ the highest­ever classical music concert.

Several years ago, De Lain lost the ability to move 27.\_\_**\_\_her**\_\_ (she) hands properly because of an accident.She loved music 28.\_\_**\_\_so/and**\_\_ she didn't want to give up playing the piano.After a long course of treatment, she finally recovered most of the use of her hands.

De Lain has 29.\_\_**\_\_created**\_\_ (create) her own mixed style of classical and jazz music.Her music always gives people different 30.\_\_**\_\_experiences**\_\_ (experience)．She wants to do more things for people.So she gave the concert which lasted for 90 minutes.

She said, “It was 31.\_\_**harder**\_\_ (hard) than I imagined.But I was not afraid of the challenge.It was such an honor to be asked to 32.\_\_**\_\_play**\_\_ (play) my music in clouds.It was very cold but actually the cold was not as problematic (有问题的) as the wind.It felt like that the wind was 33.\_\_**\_\_blowing**\_\_ (blow) my bones hard.But I overcame it and did it finally.”

Many people were moved by her 34.\_\_**\_\_courage**\_\_ (courage) and spirit.What a brave woman!

**第二部分 题组综合练**

**综合训练二　•　 25分钟**

(阅读理解＋任务型阅读＋完形填空)

Ⅰ.阅读理解

**Place2Be**

About Place2Be

Place2Be, which started in 1994, is a creative, growing charity (慈善团体) that supports children's emotional development by offering them a space where they can express their feelings through talking, creative work and play.Place2Be offers services directly to children, parents and teachers in schools and has been working in partnership with Seaham Trinity Primary School for over 12 years.

\*Our Place2Be Adviser and School Project Manager is Gill Morritt.You can contact (联系) Gill by ringing the office at 019­15813047.

Place2Talk

One of the services is Place2Talk, a lunchtime drop­in service which is open to all children.Our pupils can make an appointment (预约) to spend 15 minutes with a trained adviser to talk about friendships or any worry they may have.This is a very popular service and children can attend with their friends.

\*More information on Place2Be (Place2Talk and all of their services) can be found on the Place2Be website.

1．Which of the following statements about Place2Be is TRUE? \_\_**A**\_\_

A．It has a history of thirty years.

B．It is not open to teachers or parents.

C．It helps children become creative workers.

D．It has a good relationship with many schools.

2．What can children do when they attend Place2Talk? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．They can play with their partners.

B．They can offer excellent services.

C．They can enjoy delicious lunches.

D．They can discuss their worries.

3．How can we get more information about Place2Be? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．By making a call.

B．By visiting the website.

C．By sending an e­mail.

D．By texting a message.

Ⅱ.任务型阅读

When most people try surfing (冲浪), they never want to stop. 4.\_\_**C**\_\_ But how can you become a good surfer？What qualities do you need？Firstly, you must love adventure. 5.\_\_**B**\_\_ You don't have to be good at most sports, but of course, you need to be an excellent swimmer.

Learning how to surf well takes time.You must practice hard if you want to become good.This can be difficult if you don't live near a beach.When you do go to the beach, you must have a coach.A good coach will teach you the skills you need.For example, how to stand on the board.Don't worry about buying expensive equipment (装备)．You can always hire (租) a board.6.\_\_**A**\_\_

Experienced surfers are always searching for the perfect wave and the perfect weather.They check the weather conditions in different seasons and travel from place to place.Many surfers have a favorite country for surfing.7.\_\_**E**\_\_

So, why not join the surfing community and try this exciting way of life？Some people think it must be a lonely sport, but this isn't true.Surfing connects you with people from different countries and cultures.Even if you don't travel, people will always come to you.

A．You certainly don't have to be rich to start out on this sport.

B．You also need to be fit.

C．They get a special feeling that no other sport can give them.

D．When the weather is bad, surfing can be dangerous.

E．Hawaii is very popular for its great weather and warm waters.

8．Why does the writer encourage people to join the surfing community？(不超过15个词)

\_\_**Because\_\_surfing\_\_connects\_\_people\_\_from\_\_different\_\_countries\_\_and\_\_cultures.**\_\_

Ⅲ.完形填空

Last night, Frank had a dream about the coming math test, which troubled him very much these days.So he was in a \_\_9**A**\_\_ mood (心情) when he woke up.

Uncle Robin once told Frank about “white noise”—noise made by a fan or soft rain is a(n) \_\_10**C**\_\_ of white noise.Frank had tried it and it really worked! After that, whenever he felt worried about something, he would \_\_11**B**\_\_ white noise with his headphones.

With the \_\_12**B**\_\_ of the math test still in his mind, Frank went to get his headphones.He \_\_13**D**\_\_ he had left them on his desk, but they were gone.His little brother Andy was always \_\_14**D**\_\_ his things—without asking.He ran into his brother's room and started shouting at him in \_\_15**A**\_\_.“Where are my headphones? You can't just take my things！Or I'll take yours！” He grabbed (抓起) one of his brother's toys and \_\_16**C**\_\_ it on the ground, breaking it into two pieces.Andy started to \_\_17**A**\_\_， and Frank stormed out, feeling better.

Frank's mom heard the shouting and went into Andy's room.“Hey，” she said \_\_18**C**\_\_， “stop for a second and tell me how you're feeling.” Mom never shouted.Frank knew that she thought it was better to talk about \_\_19**D**\_\_ instead of getting angry.

“He always does this, Mom！” Frank shouted.“I'll have a math test… and… and I had a bad dream…” Frank \_\_20**B**\_\_ shouting.In a calm (平静的) voice, he said, “I \_\_21**B**\_\_ what I did was bad.I'm sorry, Andy.I really get mad \_\_22**C**\_\_ you take things without asking, but breaking your toy wasn't \_\_23**A**\_\_.I will buy you a new one.”

Frank's mom said, “Well done, Frank, and, Andy, ask first next time, OK？”

“OK, I'm sorry too，” said Andy and they all smiled.

9．A.bad B．cheerful

C．playful D．strange

10．A.list B．gift

C．example D．introduction

11．A.talk about B．listen to

C．turn down D．wait for

12．A.results B．thoughts

C．prizes D．purposes

13．A.expected B．decided

C．discovered D．remembered

14．A.repairing B．cleaning

C．breaking D．borrowing

15．A.anger B．fear

C．shame D．surprise

16．A.tied B．burnt

C．threw D．placed

17．A.cry B．rest

C．help D．share

18．A.sadly B．shyly

C．softly D．bravely

19．A.dreams B．habits

C．choices D．feelings

20．A.kept B．stopped

C．enjoyed D．practiced

21．A.wish B．know

C．hear D．promise

22．A.unless B．before

C．when D．though

23．A.right B．easy

C．enough D．crazy

**综合训练四　•　 25分钟**

(阅读理解＋完形填空＋语法填空)

Ⅰ.阅读理解

Last summer I went on holiday with my family to our friends' summer house in the countryside, near a national park.We used to go there every year when we were little, but we hadn't been back for years.I had really nice memories of the place as a young child, boating on the lake and walking through the fields nearby.When we were little, our parents had always taught us to respect the countryside and wildlife and leave no marks, and that was what we always did.

On the first morning after we arrived, we decided to go hiking around the lake.But instead of the beautiful area I remembered, it was just a mess.It looked like people had camped near the lake and just left all their things there.I had read about this before: it's called “**fly­camping**”．Instead of staying at campsites, people who fly­camp want to travel light, so they only buy basic camping tools, and just leave all their things there in the wild.

We picked up the rubbish and took it into the local village to throw it away properly.While we were there, we decided to have lunch at a café and spoke to the owner.We told her about how we had visited here when we were younger and how it hadn't been a problem then.“It's got really bad over the last few years.It's almost like people think it's a waste dump (垃圾场)，” she said.“The other day, I was walking my dog over there and he came running back to me.He had found some food boxes, and one of them had stuck to his face and he couldn't get it off.Poor thing.” She also said she'd reported it to an environmental organization, but they hadn't been able to do anything yet.

After that, we decided to spend another day picking up the rubbish we found.We used some big bags we had brought from the village and filled them up every day.I hope the situation will get better in the future.

1．What did the countryside use to be like when the writer was young? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．Dirty and dangerous.

B．Beautiful and fun.

C．Crowded and messy.

D．Noisy and busy.

2．What does the underlined word “**fly­camping**” in Paragraph 2 refer to? \_\_**C**\_\_

A．Camping by the beautiful lake.

B．Going camping by airplane.

C．Leaving camping things behind.

D．Using special camping tents.

3．Why did the café owner mention her dog finding food boxes? \_\_**A**\_\_

A．To show the rubbish problem.

B．To share a funny pet story.

C．To draw attention to her café.

D．To talk about the local wildlife.

4．How did the writer spend most of his time on holiday? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．Going to parties.

B．Picking up rubbish.

C．Enjoying nature.

D．Talking to a child.

Ⅱ.完形填空

It was a rainy, windy October afternoon. Garth stood outside his house with a wide smile.This was \_\_5**B**\_\_ weather for testing his new invention—Umbrella Hat. He could hardly wait to see whether it could keep the rain off. He carefully \_\_6**B**\_\_ the hat on his head and started walking \_\_7**D**\_\_ along the street. It worked!

Suddenly, three boys in his neighborhood appeared and \_\_8**C**\_\_ him.Todd, the biggest one, pulled his Umbrella Hat off his head.

“What's THIS？” he asked.

“It's an Umbrella Hat.You can wear it on rainy days and…” Garth said.

The boys \_\_9**B**\_\_， “Will anyone wear that stupid thing？” Todd threw the hat onto the ground and they ran off.

Garth picked up his Umbrella Hat from the ground in tears.“Maybe Todd was \_\_10**A**\_\_… in reality, who would ever need his invention？” he lowered his head and thought to himself.

Suddenly he \_\_11**C**\_\_ and saw a lady looking at him.“I was just leaving my house \_\_12**A**\_\_ I saw you and those boys.Are you okay？”

Then she saw the \_\_13**C**\_\_ Umbrella Hat and asked, “Er… what's that？”

“It's my Umbrella Hat.I thought of it and made it myself…”answered Garth.

“What a creative \_\_14**A**\_\_ you have! Don't ever let stupid boys put you down! Keep inventing and one day you will \_\_15**D**\_\_ something really great！” said the lady.

“And you have given me a wonderful \_\_16**C**\_\_，” she continued.“I have a gadget (小器具) shop—Gadgets4U—and I'd like to hold a \_\_17**D**\_\_ to find the best young gadget inventor in our town.I will display (展示) three best inventions in my shop.I'm sure you will have a(n) \_\_18**B**\_\_ of winning a prize.”

Garth was very \_\_19**A**\_\_．Gadgets4U was one of his favorite places and the thought of having his invention displayed in that wonderful place was too exciting for words.He suddenly felt much better and could already feel lots of new ideas coming out, waiting to spring into life!

5．A.cold B．perfect

C．strange D．changeable

6．A.raised B．placed

C．dropped D．repaired

7．A.heavily B．madly

C．thankfully D．purposefully

8．A.guided B．praised

C．stopped D．refused

9．A.replied B．laughed

C．wondered D．greeted

10．A.right B．angry

C．polite D．silly

11．A.came up B．gave up

C．looked up D．showed up

12．A.when B．until

C．if D．after

13．A.ugly B．old

C．broken D．tiny

14．A.mind B．habit

C．game D．tool

15．A.show B．meet

C．plan D．create

16．A.skill B．gift

C．idea D．job

17．A.party B．meeting

C．conversation D．competition

18．A.choice B．chance

C．excuse D．experience

19．A.surprised B．bored

C．relaxed D．worried

Ⅲ.语法填空

On October 17th and 18th, I took part in the Third Belt and Road Forum for International Cooperation.

In this activity, many Chinese products 20.\_\_**were\_\_introduced**\_\_ (introduce) to the world.Shaoxing Rice Wine was one of them.21.\_\_**As**\_\_ one of the three ancient wines in the world, Shaoxing Rice Wine is local wine produced in China.

The most typical Chinese Yellow Wine is Shaoxing Rice Wine, which enjoys high 22.\_\_**fame**\_\_ (famous)．It has also 23.\_\_**influenced**\_\_ (influence) both home and abroad so far.

It not only plays 24.\_\_**a**\_\_ role in human life, but also takes a position 25.\_\_**in**\_\_ the history of human civilization.It's said that southern China has the custom of drinking Shaoxing Rice Wine during the Dragon Boat Festival.People who drink it can get 26.\_\_**more**\_\_ (much) energy than those who don't so that they can win the boat race.I found it interesting and wanted to buy some for my father 27.\_\_**that/who**\_\_ likes to try different kinds of wine.

After getting home in the US, my father couldn't wait 28.\_\_**to\_\_taste**\_\_ (taste) it.He enjoyed the wine a lot and he 29.\_\_**really**\_\_ (real) hopes to come to China in person and try it.

**综合训练六　•　 25分钟**

(阅读理解＋完形填空＋词汇运用B)

Ⅰ.阅读理解

*The* *sunlit* *Censer* *Peak* *exhales* *a* *wreath* *of* *cloud*；

*Like* *an* *upended* *stream* *the* *cataract* *sounds* *loud*.

*Its* *torrent* *dashes* *down* *three* *thousand* *feet* *from* *high*；

*As* *if* *the* *Silver* *River* *fell* *from* *the* *azure* *sky*.

—by Li Bai

Inspired by the beautiful view of Censer Peak (香炉峰), Li Bai wrote this famous poem.But do you know Censer Peak really looks like an incense burner (香炉)?

The incense burner, an important part of Chinese incense culture, can date back to thousands of years ago.It is not only a tool in religion (宗教), but also widely used in people's daily life.For example, it is often placed in the hall or on the desk in the study, because the smoke from the incense burner can purify the air, calm the mind and relax our body.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ It is usually made from different materials.The shapes and designs are also quite different.They show the colorful cultures and beauty of China.Each design has its own story, giving us a look into Chinese art.Ancient people of different dynasties had their own favorite incense burners.For example, people in the Han Dynasty liked Boshan burners the most.While the gold and silver burners in the shape of balls were the most popular in the Tang Dynasty, for they were easy to carry with.And in the Ming Dynasty, people preferred burners with two handles.

The Chinese incense burner has been developing since the Shang Dynasty.Modern incense burners keep the Chinese elements as well as adding modern creativity, combining (结合) tradition with fashion together.With a symbolization of good luck and wealth, they are often used as gifts sent to foreign friends.

China, a country with a long history, is well­known for its different kinds of traditional art forms.Among them, the Chinese incense burner must have a place because of its special beauty.

1．Why does the writer begin the passage with Li Bai's poem? \_\_**C**\_\_

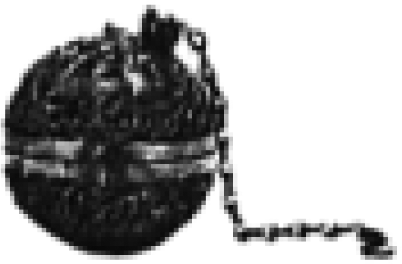
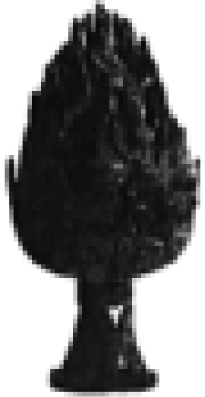
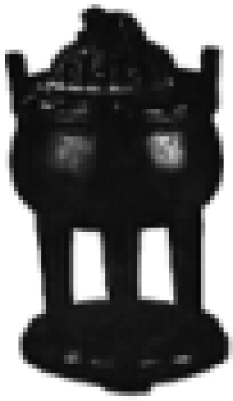
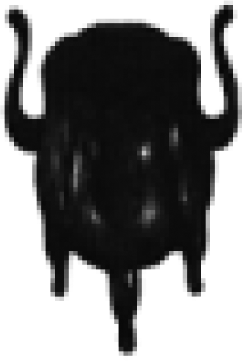
A．To explain facts.

B．To give opinions.

C．To lead in the topic.

D．To express disagreement.

2．Which burner is the most popular in the Tang Dynasty? \_\_**A**\_\_

A. B. C. D. 

3．Which of the following can be put in the \_\_**A**\_\_？

A．Each incense burner is an artwork.

B．Each incense burner has a long history.

C．Round incense burners attract many people.

D．Without doubt, the incense burner is important.

4．What's the best title for this passage? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．The Influence of Chinese Incense Burners

B．The Development of Chinese Incense Burners

C．Chinese Incense Burners—The Best Gift

D．Chinese Incense Burners—A Cultural Treasure

Ⅱ.完形填空

Bella arrived home late from school that day.When she walked past her mother's room, she found her mom was \_\_5**A**\_\_ in bed, and seemed to be very weak.

Bella entered her room and heard the cries from her little sister.She knew her dad would expect her to \_\_6**B**\_\_ her sister.And she also had to prepare meals for the whole family \_\_7**A**\_\_ her mom did before.Bella thought it was not \_\_8**C**\_\_ because she also had schoolwork to do, just like everyone else in her class.Why did she have to be the grown­up?

When she got out of the room, she saw her \_\_9**D**\_\_ sitting at the kitchen table, lonely and tired.Suddenly, something happened inside Bella.She \_\_10**C**\_\_ that her father, as well as a husband, must be really \_\_11**B**\_\_．

Then she heard a deep voice from her father, “Make the \_\_12**C**\_\_， will you, Bella？”

She was going to find a(n) \_\_13**A**\_\_ to meet her friends, but she stopped and said to herself, “It is a \_\_14**B**\_\_ time for everyone in our family.I guess making meals is just what I can do to help.” Then she \_\_15**C**\_\_ went into the kitchen and began peeling (削) potatoes.

“OK, Daddy，” said Bella.“Everything will be all right and we can \_\_16**B**\_\_.” At the moment, she saw a smile on her father's face.She felt \_\_17**D**\_\_—grown­up, somehow.It was really good to \_\_18**A**\_\_ a smile to her father's face, even for only a moment.

“Daddy, whatever happens, we will be OK.Right？”

“Yes, we will.If we \_\_19**C**\_\_ each other, we'll always be all right.”

They both smiled at each other over the table.

5.A.still B．only

C．even D．almost

6．A.look for B．look after

C．look over D．look through

7．A.as B．until

C．since D．unless

8．A.clear B．ready

C．fair D．true

9．A.brother B．sister

C．mum D．dad

10．A.explained B．expected

C．realized D．promised

11．A.moved B．worried

C．pleased D．surprised

12．A.bed B．table

C．dinner D．present

13．A.excuse B．suggestion

C．example D．question

14．A.full B．hard

C．good D．right

15．A.simply B．bravely

C．quietly D．suddenly

16．A.decide B．manage

C．forget D．understand

17．A.terrible B．wrong

C．lucky D．different

18．A.bring B．keep

C．turn D．hold

19．A.refuse B．control

C．support D．introduce

Ⅲ.词汇运用B

It's difficult to learn a foreign language.When it comes to speaking the language, it can be extremely hard.I remember walking into my Spanish class at university only to 20.\_\_**discover/find**\_\_ (发现) that half of my class had mastered many languages.

At first I was afraid to have 21.\_\_**conversations/talks**\_\_ (交谈) in Spanish.Not only were my vocabulary and 22.\_\_**grammar**\_\_ (语法) very limited, but I'd never spoken another language before.However, I decided to change myself.By using some simple strategies I have been able to build my confidence and make progress.Here are a few tips I'd like to 23.\_\_**share**\_\_ (分享) with you.

Firstly, remember it's OK to make 24.\_\_**mistakes**\_\_ (错误)．When it comes to language learning, we often aim for perfection and feel as if we're not ready to speak until we have “enough” words or grammatical 25.\_\_**knowledge**\_\_ (知识)．The truth is you will never feel ready, and instead it is important to use what you have to communicate what you can.

Next, don't compare yourself to others.This can be a hard one, 26.\_\_**especially**\_\_ (尤其) if you are in a large language class.It is important to remember that we all learn at different 27.\_\_**speeds/speed**\_\_ (速度) and through different learning styles.Keep up with your class materials, but don't stress if you don't understand everything.

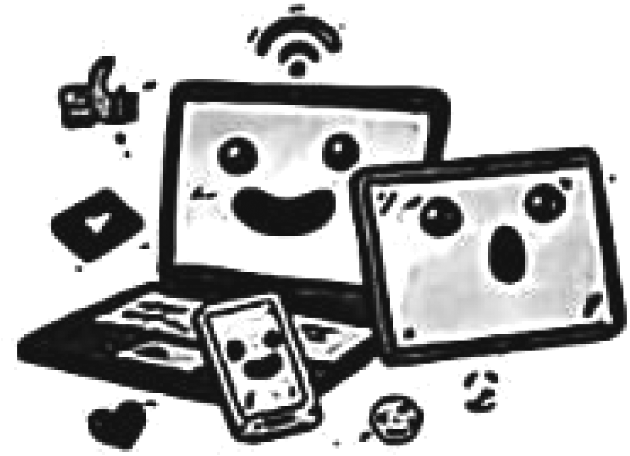
Something that really helped me progress was finding a language exchange 28.\_\_**partner**\_\_ (同伴)．Finding someone to practice with who was 29.\_\_**patient**\_\_ (有耐心的) and whose English was similar to my Spanish made me feel more confident.

Lastly, celebrate the small successes, focus on the progress you have already made and be proud of your achievements!

**综合训练八　•　 25分钟**

(阅读理解＋完形填空)

Ⅰ.阅读理解

A bell rings at 7 p．m.every evening in Vadgaon Village in Maharashtra, India, telling people that it is time for everyone to turn off screen devices (设备), like televisions and mobile phones.At 8：30 p．m., the bell rings the second time, telling the villagers that screen­free time is over.The leaders of the village introduced it so that young people could focus on their homework and not be influenced by funny videos or phone messages.However, some say that a screen simply allows people to get information—it is not harmful to people.A person can decide for themselves when to put down a device.So should you set limits (限制) on screen time?

**Yes—screen time should be limited**

Phones, computers and TVs are great ways for getting information and lots of fun.However, they can be addictive (使人成瘾的) and some people need help to break free from them.Even if people are chatting on their phone or playing online games together, they can still feel lonely.Screen­free time means people can connect with family and friends in the real world.It's also a great chance for people to go outside and be active, which can be good for their health.Too much screen time can lead to other problems, such as not sleeping properly and being short on creativity.

**No—people can manage their screen time**

Through devices like phones and computers, people can find answers to many questions.Screen time can be productive—you can read great works of literature (文学), discover wonderful facts or read about important things happening in the world.It is great for homework and curious minds.Electronic devices also allow friends and family to stay in touch.Most people naturally take screen breaks, for example, when they eat or exercise.People should be free to judge for themselves how much screen time they should have.

Now that you've read a lot about it, tell us what you think on the website *theweekjunior*.*co*.*uk*/*polls*.Choose YES if you think screen time should be limited, or NO if you don't.We'll show the results next week.

1．How does the writer begin the passage? \_\_**B**\_\_

A．By giving reasons.

B．By telling a real event.

C．By comparing examples.

D．By listing large numbers.

2．According to Paragraph 2, which of the following are the good points of screen­free time? \_\_**C**\_\_

①Help people get information more easily.

②Make people go outside and be healthy.

③Help people stay alone by themselves.

④Make people connect with the real world.

A．①④ B．②③

C．②④ D．③④

3．Which of the following in the dictionary best explains the underlined word “productive” in Paragraph 3? \_\_**B**\_\_

**productive adj.**

①making goods or growing crops, especially in large quantities

②doing or achieving a lot

③causing；bringing about (usually followed by of)

④readily used in forming new words

A．① B．② C．③ D．④

4．What's the writer's purpose in writing the passage? \_\_**D**\_\_

A．To encourage readers to manage their screen time freely.

B．To advise readers to manage and control their screen time.

C．To lead readers to form a good habit of doing homework.

D．To collect ideas about whether to cut the screen time.

Ⅱ.完形填空

“I don't want to go, Miss White.I'm frightened (害怕的), very frightened，” Monica told her teacher.



Monica was a very \_\_5**C**\_\_ girl.She always sat at the back of the classroom, \_\_6**A**\_\_ or taking notes.Every Monday morning, there would be a special show in her class and one student would be \_\_7**D**\_\_ to make a speech about his or her dream.Miss White hoped that Monica could have a try the next week.But she refused.

“I know that it seems \_\_8**A**\_\_ for you, but it will help you build up your confidence，” said Miss White.Monica was lost in thought.

The next day, Monica came to Miss White's office.Miss White was \_\_9**B**\_\_ that she would take the chance.Miss White red­penciled her manuscript (手稿) of speech, corrected her \_\_10**D**\_\_， and even helped with her body language.She advised Monica to practice, to \_\_11**C**\_\_ that she was speaking confidently in front of her class.\_\_12**B**\_\_ a whole week, Monica practiced speaking in front of her imaginary friends and teacher.Behind the locked door of her bedroom, she told them about her \_\_13**C**\_\_.

Finally, Monday arrived.\_\_14**A**\_\_ Monica was called upon to give her speech, she \_\_15**C**\_\_ and walked to the front of the class without any notes, in a show of confidence.Monica's successful performance brought everyone a great \_\_16**D**\_\_.The whole class clapped (鼓掌) for a full minute when she completed her speech.Miss White \_\_17**B**\_\_.She had known that Monica would make it when she \_\_18**D**\_\_ took her first step to overcome (克服) her fear of speaking in public.

From that day, Monica's life changed for the better.At the age of 23, she became a newsreader.People who see her on television now will find it hard to \_\_19**B**\_\_ that she was once a shy girl who refused to speak up in class.

5．A.active B．lazy

C．quiet D．polite

6．A.reading B．singing

C．talking D．laughing

7．A.warned B．forced

C．caught D．chosen

8．A.difficult B．important

C．necessary D．interesting

9.A.mad B．glad

C．bored D．afraid

10．A.instruction B．conversation

C．explanation D．pronunciation

11．A.realize B．examine

C．imagine D．introduce

12．A.By B．For

C．With D．Along

13．A.job B．hobby

C．dream D．promise

14．A.When B．Until

C．Since D．Though

15．A.woke up B．looked up

C．stood up D．dressed up

16．A.secret B．thought

C．decision D．surprise

17．A.agreed B．smiled

C．answered D．regretted

18．A.easily B．luckily

C．quickly D．bravely

19．A.expect B．believe

C．discuss D．express